From the: INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY	EXAMINING AUTHORITY				
To: IRVINE, Jonquil Claire J.A J.A. KEMP & CO.	. KEMP & Co.		PCT		
14 South Square Gray's Inn Rec'd.	2 4 DEC 2001	*	WRITTEN OPINION		
	on by		(PCT Rule 66)		
Fax 4420724	20132	Date of mailing (day/month/year)	14.12.2001		
Applicant's or agent's file reference N.77933A JCI		REPLY DUE	within 1 month(s) from the above date of mailing		
International application No. PCT/GB00/03760	International filing date 02/10/2000	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 01/10/1999		
International Patent Classification (	(IPC) or both national classification a	and IPC			
G01N33/68					
Applicant					
ISIS INNOVATION LIMITED	et al.				
			2		
1. This written opinion is the	first drawn up by this Internatio	nal Preliminary Exami	ning Authority.		
2. This opinion contains indic	cations relating to the following i	tems:			
I · ⊠ Basis of the or			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
I ⊠ Basis of the op	Dinion				
_ ′	ment of opinion with regard to n	ovelty inventive sten	and industrial applicability		
IV 🖾 Lack of unity of		ioverty, inventive step	and modernal applicability		
V ☐ Reasoned stat					
VI 🛭 Certain docum	ent cited	•			
	s in the international application				
VIII 🗆 Certain observ	ations on the international appl	ication			
3. The applicant is hereby inv	vited to reply to this opinion.				
When? See the time limit indicated above. The applicant may, before the expiration of that time limit, request this Authority to grant an extension, see Rule 66.2(d).					
	How? By submitting a written reply, accompanied, where appropriate, by amendments, according to Rule 66.3. For the form and the language of the amendments, see Rules 66.8 and 66.9.				
For the examine	Also: For an additional opportunity to submit amendments, see Rule 66.4. For the examiner's obligation to consider amendments and/or arguments, see Rule 66.4 bis. For an informal communication with the examiner, see Rule 66.6.				
If no reply is filed, the international preliminary examination report will be established on the basis of this opinion.					
4. The final date by which the inte	4. The final date by which the international preliminary examination report must be established according to Rule 69.2 is: 01/02/2002.				
Name and mailing address of the in	ternational .	Authorized officer / Ex	aminer		



preliminary examining authority: European Patent Office D-80298 Munich

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Formalities officer (incl. extension of time limits) Danti, B



I.	Bas	is (	of t	the	أعو	ini	on
••							

With regard to the elements of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to
the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this opinion as "originally filed"):

	De	scription, pages:		•	,	
	1-5	8	as originally filed			
	Cla	ims, No.:	-			
	1-5	9	as originally filed			
	Dra	awings, sheets:				-
	1/3	9-39/39	as received on	04/12/2000	with letter of	04/12/2000
	Sec	quence listing part	t of the description, pages:			
	1-2	0, filed with the lette	er of 20.11.2000			
2.	2. With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.					
	The	ese elements were a	available or furnished to this Aut	hority in the fo	ollowing language:	, which is:
		the language of a	translation furnished for the pur	ooses of the in	nternational search	(under Rule 23.1(b)).
		the language of pu	ublication of the international app	olication (unde	er Rule 48.3(b)).	
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the pur	ooses of inter	national preliminary	examination (under Rule
3.	Witl inte	n regard to any <b>nuc</b> rnational preliminar	eleotide and/or amino acid seq y examination was carried out o	uence disclosen the basis of	sed in the internation the sequence listing	nal application, the g:
		contained in the in	ternational application in written	form.		
		filed together with	the international application in c	omputer read	able form.	•
	$\boxtimes$	furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in written t	form.	-	
	$\boxtimes$	furnished subsequ	ently to this Authority in comput	er readable fo	rm.	
	Ø	The statement that the international ap	t the subsequently furnished wri pplication as filed has been furni	tten sequence shed.	e listing does not go	beyond the disclosure in
	⊠	The statement that listing has been full	t the information recorded in cormished.	nputer readab	le form is identical t	o the written sequence

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

# WRITTEN OPINION

International application No. PCT/GB00/03760

	Z)	paid additional fees.					
		paid additional fees under protest.					
		neither restricted nor paid additional fees.					
2.		This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with for the following reasons and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees:					
3.		Consequently, the following parts of the international application were the subject of international preliminary examination in establishing this opinion:					
	×	all parts.					
		the parts relating to claims Nos					

## Section III

- In view of the large number and also the wording of the claims presently on file, which render it difficult, if not impossible, to determine the matter for which protection is sought, the present application fails to comply with the clarity and conciseness requirements of Article 6 PCT (see also Rule 6.1(a) PCT) to such an extent that a meaningful complete examination is impossible (see also section V, items I.2, II.1 and III.1).
- 2. The application comprises claims defining the invention in terms of the result to be achieved (example claim 39) which do not comply with the requirements of Article 6 PCT. The scope of claim 39 is not defined, thus examination is not possible.
- 3. The application comprises claims to methods of diagnostic practised on the human or animal body, as well as claims to methods of treatment practised on the human or body (example claims 40, 41 and 42). For the assessment of such claims on the question whether they are industrially applicable, no unified criteria exists in the PCT. The patentability can also be dependent upon the formulation of the claims.

### Section IV

- 1. The claims currently on file relate to three different inventions:
  - I) Celiac disease diagnostic methods, agents and kits: independent claims 1, 2, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, and the claims dependent thereon;
  - II) Plant cells, plants and parts of plants that express mutant gliadin proteins, foods and crops containing such plants: independent claims 31, 35, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58 and the claims dependent thereon;
  - III) Polynucleotides encoding mutant gliadin, cells transformed with

Polynucleotides encoding mutant gliadin, transgenic animals and antibodies against mutant gliadin: independent claims 12, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 37 and the claims dependent thereon.

They are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept (Rule 13.1 PCT) for the following reasons: The sequence of a natural occurring homologue of gliadin or its analogue (that is the technical feature common to the abovementioned groups of claims) is already known from documents D1 to D4. The requisite unity of invention (Rule 13.1 PCT) therefore no longer exists inasmuch as a technical relationship involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features in the sense of Rule 13.2 PCT does not exist between the subject-matter of the abovementioned groups of independent claims.

The applicant has paid the fees relative to the examination of the aforementioned three inventions.

# Section V

### Invention I:

Celiac disease diagnostic methods, agents and kits: independent claims 1, 2, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 38, 40, 41, 42, and the claims dependent thereon.

- 1.1 The wording of claim 1 is such that the subject-matter of the claim is very broad, and consequently lacks novelty regarding the disclosures in the following documents cited in the search report (Article 33(2) PCT).
  - D1: O'KEEFFE J ET AL: "T cell proliferation, MHC class II restriction and cytokine products of gliadin-stimulated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC)." CLINICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL IMMUNOLOGY, vol. 117, no. 2, August 1999 (1999-08), pages 269-276, XP000989621 ISSN: 0009-9104
  - D2: VAN DE WAL YVONNE ET AL: "Small intestinal T cells of celiac disease patients recognize a natural pepsin fragment of gliadin." PROCEEDINGS OF THE

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES, vol. 95, no. 17, 18 August 1998 (1998-08-18), pages 10050-10054, XP000982626 Aug. 18, 1998 ISSN: 0027-8424

D3: TRONCONE R ET AL: "Cytokines produced by gliadin-specific T cell clones from the coeliac mucosa." GASTROENTEROLOGY, vol. 110, no. 4 SUPPL., April 1996 (1996-04), page A1031 XP000989625 96th Annual Meeting of the American Gastroenterological Association and the Digestive Disease Week; San Francisco, California, USA; May 19-22, 1996 ISSN: 0016-5085

D4: GODKIN A J ET AL: "Identification of a coeliac disease-specific T cell epitope from A-gliadin." GUT, vol. 44, no. SUPPL. 1, April 1999 (1999-04), page A72 XP000989626 British Society of Gastroenterology Annual Meeting; Glasgow, Scotland, UK; March 23-25, 1999 ISSN: 0017-5749

- 1.2 The remaining dependent and independent claims of invention I appear to relate to obvious alternatives of the method of claim 1 and are therefore not inventive (Article 33(3) PCT).
- In view of the large number and also the wording of the claims, which render it difficult, if not impossible, to determine the matter for which protection is sought, the present invention fails to comply with the clarity and conciseness requirements of Article 6 PCT (see also Rule 6.1(a) PCT) to such an extent that a meaningful complete examination is impossible.

# Invention II:

Plant cells, plants and parts of plants that express mutant gliadin proteins, foods and crops containing such plants: independent claims 35, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58 and the claims dependent thereon.

- II.1 The subject-matter of claim 35, a cell comprising a mutant gliadin protein epitope, is anticipated by the disclosure in the following prior art document (Article 33(2) PCT):
  - D5: EP 0 905 518 A (UNIV LEIDEN ;ACADEMISCH ZIEKENHUIS LEIDEN

(NL)) 31 March 1999 (1999-03-31).

- II.2 The remaining dependent and independent claims of invention II (Plant cells, plants and parts of plants that express mutant gliadin proteins, foods and crops containing such plants) appear to relate to obvious alternatives to the subject-matter of claim 35 and are therefore not based on an inventive concept (Article 33(3) PCT).
- II.3 The Invention II contains a total of 14 claims, of which 13 are independent claims. In view of the large number and also the wording of the claims, which render it difficult, if not impossible, to determine the matter for which protection is sought, the present invention fails to comply with the clarity and conciseness requirements of Article 6 PCT (see also Rule 6.1(a) PCT) to such an extent that a meaningful complete examination is impossible.

# Invention III:

Polynucleotides encoding mutant gliadin, cells transformed with Polynucleotides encoding mutant gliadin, transgenic animals and antibodies against mutant gliadin: independent claims 12, 19, 20, 29, 30, 31, 37 and the claims dependent thereon.

- III.1 The subject-matter of claim 12 lacks novelty regarding the disclosures in the following documents cited in the search report (Article 33(2) PCT).
  - D1: O'KEEFFE J ET AL: "T cell proliferation, MHC class II restriction and cytokine products of gliadin-stimulated peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC)." CLINICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL IMMUNOLOGY, vol. 117, no. 2, August 1999 (1999-08), pages 269-276, XP000989621 ISSN: 0009-9104
  - D2: VAN DE WAL YVONNE ET AL: "Small intestinal T cells of celiac disease patients recognize a natural pepsin fragment of gliadin." PROCEEDINGS OF THE NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE UNITED STATES, vol. 95, no. 17, 18 August 1998 (1998-08-18), pages 10050-10054, XP000982626 Aug. 18, 1998 ISSN: 0027-8424
  - D3: TRONCONE R ET AL: "Cytokines produced by gliadin-specific T cell clones from the coeliac mucosa." GASTROENTEROLOGY, vol. 110, no. 4

SUPPL., April 1996 (1996-04), page A1031 XP000989625 96th Annual Meeting of the American Gastroenterological Association and the Digestive Disease Week; San Francisco, California, USA; May 19-22, 1996 ISSN: 0016-5085

D4: GODKIN A J ET AL: "Identification of a coeliac disease-specific T cell epitope from A-gliadin." GUT, vol. 44, no. SUPPL. 1, April 1999 (1999-04), page A72 XP000989626 British Society of Gastroenterology Annual Meeting; Glasgow, Scotland, UK; March 23-25, 1999 ISSN: 0017-5749

D5: EP 0 905 518 A (UNIV LEIDEN ;ACADEMISCH ZIEKENHUIS LEIDEN (NL)) 31 March 1999 (1999-03-31) .

- III.2 The remaining dependent and independent claims of invention III (Polynucleotides encoding mutant gliadin, cells transformed with Polynucleotides encoding mutant gliadin, transgenic animals and antibodies against mutant gliadin) appear to relate to obvious alternatives to the subject-matter of claim 12 and are therefore not based on an inventive concept (Article 33(3) PCT).
- III.3 The Invention III contains a total of 10 claims, of which 7 are independent claims. In view of the large number and also the wording of the claims, which render it difficult, if not impossible, to determine the matter for which protection is sought, the present invention fails to comply with the clarity and conciseness requirements of Article 6 PCT (see also Rule 6.1(a) PCT) to such an extent that a meaningful complete examination is impossible.